

Solve each polynomials using distributive property for \#1, FOIL, for \#2, and box method for \#3.

1. $\left(2 x^{2}\right)\left(4 x^{4}-x^{2}+7\right)$
2. $(x+4)(2 x-5)$
3. $(3 y-4)^{2}$


Solve each polynomials using distributive property for \#1, FOIL, for \#2, and box method for \#3.

1. $\left(2 x^{2}\right)\left(4 x^{4}-x^{2}+7\right)$
2. $(x+4)(2 x-5)$

$$
2 x^{2}\left(4 x^{4}\right)+2 x^{2}\left(-x^{2}\right)+2 x^{2}(7)
$$

$$
x(2 x)+x(-5)+4(2 x)+4(-5)
$$

3. $(3 y-4)^{2}$
$(3 y-4)(3 y-4)$

$2 x^{2}+3 x-20$



Solve each polynomials using distributive property for \#1, FOIL, for \#2, and box method for \#3.

1. $\left(2 x^{2}\right)\left(4 x^{4}-x^{2}+7\right)$
2. $(x+4)(2 x-5)$
$2 x^{2}-1 x^{4}-2 x,+2 x^{2}(7)$

$$
8 x^{6}-2 x^{4}+14 x^{2}
$$

3. $(3 y-4)^{2}$

$$
\begin{gathered}
(3 y-4)(3 y-4) \\
3 y-4 \\
3 y \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{|c|c|}
\hline 9 y^{2} & -12 y \\
-4 & -12 y \\
\hline
\end{array}\right.
\end{gathered}
$$



$$
\# 15
$$

$(x-2)^{2}$


$$
\begin{gathered}
x(x)+x(-2)+(-2)(x)+(-2)(-2) \\
x^{2}-2 x-2 x+4 \\
x^{2}-4 x+4
\end{gathered}
$$



I can

- multiply monomial and polynomial expressions using the distributive method
- multiply 2 binomials using FOIL, distributive, and rectangle/box method

Section 8.36: MUutipotying Potypomiats
Distributive Method

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (5 x+3)(2 x+10) \\
& 2 x(5 x+3)+(10)(5 x+3) \\
& 2 \times(5 x)+2 x(3)+10(5 x)+10(3) \\
& 10 x^{2}+6 x+50 x+30 \\
& 10 x^{2}+56 x+30
\end{aligned}
$$

Distributive Method

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+5)\left(x^{2}+2 x-3\right) \\
& x+2 x+5)+(x+5) \\
& x^{2}(x)+x^{2}(5)+2 x(x)+2 x(5)-3(x)-3(5) \\
& x^{3}+5 x^{2}+2 x^{2}+110 x-3 x-15 \\
& x^{3}+7 x^{2}+7 x-15
\end{aligned}
$$

Section 8.36: Muttiptyins Potynomiats
FOIL

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (5 x+3)(2 x+10) \\
& 5 x(2 x)+5 x(10)+3(2 x)+3(10) \\
& 10 x^{2}+50 x-6 x+30 \\
& 10 x^{2}+56 x+30
\end{aligned}
$$

Section 8.36: Muttiptyins Potynomiats
Box/Rectangle Method

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (5 x+3)(2 x+10) \\
& 2 \times \begin{array}{|c|c|}
\hline \frac{5 x}{}+3 \\
\hline 50 x & 30 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10 x^{2}-6 x+50 x+30 \\
& 10 x^{2}+56 x+30
\end{aligned}
$$

Rectangle Method

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \underline{(x+5)}\left(\underline{\left.x^{2}+2 x-3\right)}\right. \\
& \quad x \begin{array}{l|l|l|}
\hline x^{2}+2 x & -3 \\
+5 & x^{3} & 2 x^{2} \\
\hline 5 x^{2} & -3 x & 10 x \\
\hline 2 x^{2}-3 x+5 x^{2}+10 x-15 \\
\hline x^{3}+7 x^{2}+7 x-15 \\
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
10 \text { in } \\
\sin \begin{array}{c}
\text { Area: }(10)(5)=50 \mathrm{in}^{2} \\
\text { Perimeter: } 10+5+10+5=30 \mathrm{n} \\
2(10)+2(5)=30 \mathrm{in} \\
10 \mathrm{in}
\end{array}
\end{gathered}
$$



Area
Perimeter:


Area: $(x-3)\left(x^{2}+3 x-8\right)$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Perimeter: } 2(x-3)+2\left(x^{2}+3 x-8\right) \\
& \quad(x-3)+(x-3)+\left(x^{2}+3 x-8\right)+\left(x^{2}+3 x-8\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
(x-3)^{2}(x+2)
$$

# Homework 

## Worksheet and Project part 1

