## **Warm-Up 1-10**

## Determine if the following sequences are linear, exponential or neither.

1. 6, 9, 13, 18, 24, ...

2. 3, 9, 27, 81, ...

3. 29, 35, 41, 47, ...

4. -5, 10, -20, 40, -80, ...

## Warm-Up 1-10

Determine if the following sequences are linear, exponential or neither.

- 1. 6, 9, 13, 18, 24, ... 13 + 4 + 5 + 6 Neither
- 3.29,35,41,47,... +6+6+6 Linear

2.3,9,27,81,... exponential

4. -5, 10, -20, 40, -80, ... X - 2 exponential

Kuta Software - Infinite Algebra 2 Name **Comparing Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences** Date Period For each sequence, state if it is arithmetic, geometric, or neither. 1) 1, 3, 6, 10, 15, ... 2) 40, 43, 46, 49, 52, ... Neither Arithmetic Linear 1/3 /3/3/3 3)  $4, \frac{13}{3}, \frac{14}{2}, 5, \frac{16}{2}, \dots$ 4) -4, 12, -36, 108, -324, ... Geometric Exponential Arithmetic Linear 5) 4, 16, 36, 64, 100, ... 6) -29, -34, -39, -44, -49, ... Neither Arithmetic Linear 625 metric 9) -34, -26, -18, -10, -2, ... 10) 0, 3, 8, 15, 24, ... Arithmetic Neither Linear 12)  $a_n = 16 + 3n$ Arithmetic 11)  $a_n = -163 + 200n$ -163 2200 47 200 247 200 0-2 Arithmetic 13)  $a_n = -4 \cdot (-3)^{n-1}$ 14)  $a_n = -\frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{2}n$ 0 Geometric Arithmetic

An **arithmetic sequence** has a constant difference between each term. (Linear Function)

For example: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12,...

We can see clearly that all the terms differ by +2.

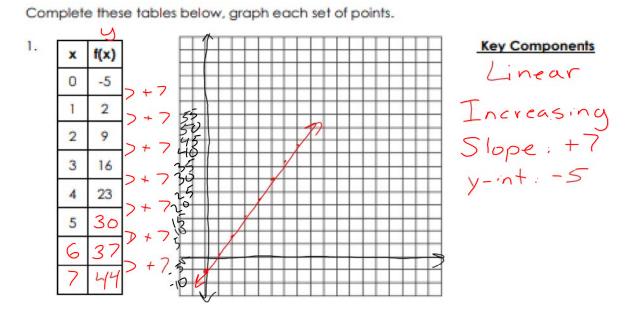
We call this the common difference, d.

A **geometric sequence** has a constant ratio (multiplier) between each term. (Exponential Function)

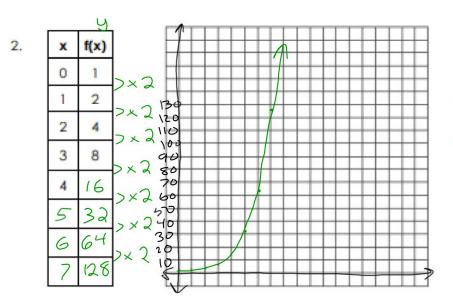
An example is: 2, 4, 8, 16, 32,...

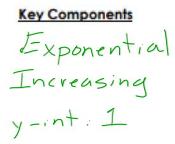
So to find the next term in the sequence we would multiply the previous term by 2.

This is called the common ratio, r.



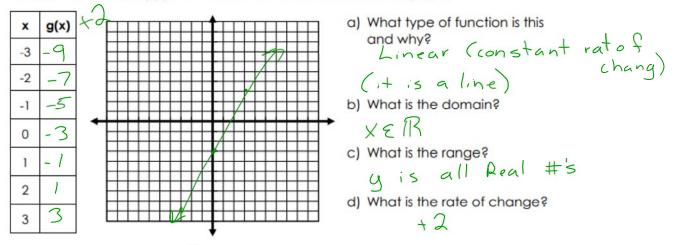
#### UNIT 6 – EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS Linear vs. Exponential Functions (Day 1)



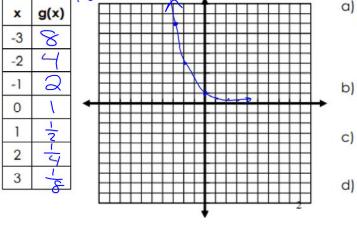


Linear	Table Pattern shows <u>adding</u> or <u>subtracting</u> by same number: This is pattern is called a <u>common</u> <u>difference</u> (d)
Functions	Rate of Change is <u>constant</u> between intervals (the same)
	Table Pattern shows <u>mult: plying</u> or <u>dividing</u> by same number:
Exponential Functions	This is pattern is called a <u>common</u> <u>ratio</u> (r)
Tonellons	Rate of Change is <u>changing</u> between intervals

3. Use the function g(x) = 2x - 3 to fill in the table below and graph.



4. Use the function  $g(x) = (\frac{1}{2})^x$  to fill in the table below and graph.



a) What type of function is this and why? Exponential (-2 each time) b) What is the domain?

c) What is the range?

Recall Types of Functions and their key components:								
Linear functions have a common <u>Aifference</u> . With a <u>Constant</u> rate of change Exponential functions have a common <u>ratio</u> . With a <u>changing</u> rate of change								
1. After graduation, you are offered two jobs. Cedar Grove Associates offered to start you at \$30,000 with a 6% increase per year. Maple Grove Associates offered to start you at \$40,000 with a \$1200 raise per year. Compare the two jobs offered by completing the table below. Answer the following questions? $6\% = 0.06$								
x١	Vear	Cedar Grove	Maple Grove	<ul> <li>a) Cedar Grove models what type of function? Explain</li> </ul>				
+180	1	\$30,000	\$40,000	+1200 Exponential				
+1900	2	31,800	41,200	It has a common <u>ratio</u> of <u>1.06</u>				
4110	3	33,708	42,400	<ul> <li>b) Maple Grove models what type of function? Explain</li> </ul>				
	4	35,730	43,600	Linear				
	5		44,800	It has a common d. fference of 1200				
	6	40,147	46,000	c) If you plan on moving to a different				
	7	42,556	47,200	state in 5 years which company would be the better option for you to choose?				
	8	45,109	48,400	Explain. Maple Grove				
	9	47,815	49,600	Trapic O oro				
	10	50,684	50,800					
	11	53,725	52,000	d) If your plans change and you don't				
	12			move, which company would be the better option to choose as a long term				
	13			Cedar Grove				
	14	67,827	55,600	1				

- 2. Given the situations below, identify if it is a linear or exponential model or neither. Explain your reasoning.
  - a. A savings account that starts with \$5000 and receives a deposit of \$825 per month.

Linear: increase by a constant rate

b. The value of a house that starts at \$150,000 and increases by 1.5% per year.

Exponential: multiplying each year

c. Tina owns 4 rabbits. She expects them to double each year.

Exponential

d. The cost of operating Jelly's Doughnuts is \$1600 per week plus \$.10 to make each doughnut.

Linear

- e. The value of John's car that depreciates 20% per year Exponential
- f. The height of a ball that is thrown in the air

Neither

- 3. Which situation could be modeled with an exponential function?
  - (1) the amount of money in Suzy's piggy bank which she adds \$10 to each week
  - (2) The amount of money in a certificate of deposit that gets 4% interest each year
  - (3) the amount of money in a savings account where \$150 is deducted every month
  - (4) the amount of money in Jaclyn's wallet which increases and decreases by a different amount each week
  - 4. Which statement below is true about linear functions? mult ply
    - (1) Linear functions grow by equal factors over equal intervals
    - (2) Linear functions grow by equal differences over equal intervals
    - (3) Linear functions grown by equal differences over unequal intervals
    - (4) Linear functions grow by unequal factors over equal intervals
  - 5. Given the tables below, classify them as a linear model, exponential model, or neither.

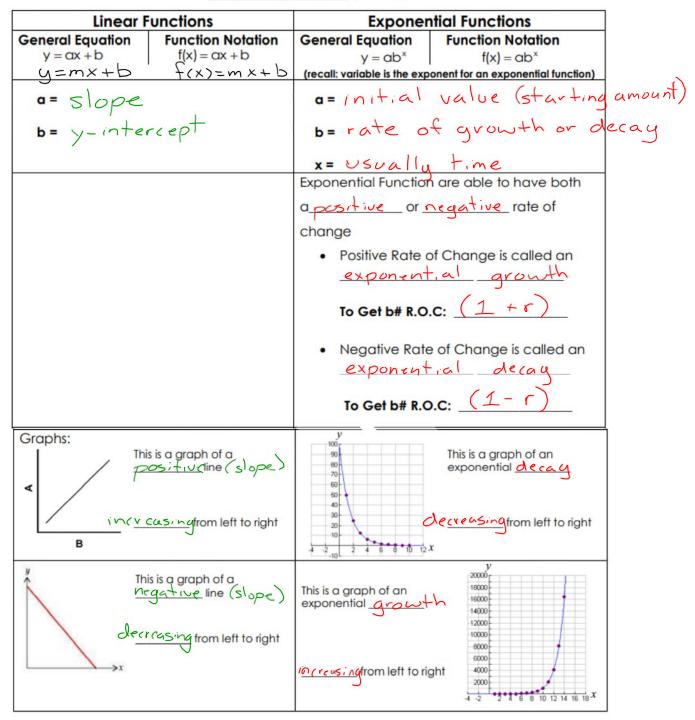
HOURS	MONEY	×2			
1	100				
2	200				
3	400				
4	800				
5	1600				
Exponential					

HOURS	MONEY			
1	100			
2	200			
3	300			
4	200			
5	100			
Neither				

HOURS	MONEY	
1	100	tl
2	250	
3	400	
4	550	
5	700	

Linear

#### EXPLORING EXPONENTIAL FUNCTION GROWTH & DECAY (DAY 3)



# Project

#### Infectious Disease or Zombie Apocalypse

## Homework

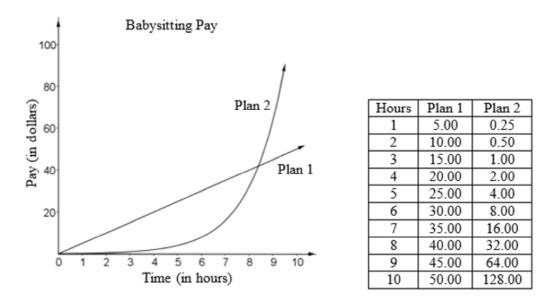
Linear vs. Exponential worksheet

Compare Linear and Exponential Functions

Name \_

Date \_\_\_\_

Sara has been asked to babysit for a neighbor. She is offered two payment options. With the first plan, she is paid \$5.00 per hour. With the second plan, she is paid \$0.25 for one hour, \$0.50 for two hours, \$1.00 for three hours, and so on, as shown in both the graph and the table.



1. What type of function is represented by Plan 1?

2. What type of function is represented by Plan 2?

- 3. How are the plans alike? Explain.
- 4. How are the plans different? Explain.
- 5. Sara asks you which plan she should choose if she was going to babysit for four hours. What would you tel her? Justify your answer.
- 6. When should Sara choose Plan 2? Why?